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| Income Tax | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------|---------------|----------------|-------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| Allowances | | | 2024/2 | 5 | 20 | 23/24 |
| Personal Allowance (P | A)* | | £12,57 | '0 | £ | 12,570 |
| Marriage Allowance [†] | | | 1,26 | | | 1,260 |
| Blind Person's Allowar | ice | | 3,07 | | | 2,870 |
| Rent a room relief** | | | 7,50 | | | 7,500 |
| Trading Income** | | | 1,00 | | | 1,000 |
| Property Income** | | | 1,00 | | | 1,000 |
| *PA is withdrawn at £1 for e no allowance given above £ | | h 'adjus | ted income' e | exceeds £1 | 00,000. | I here is |
| [†] The part of the PA that is t | ransferable to a | spouse | or civil partn | er who is n | not a high | her |
| or additional rate taxpayer. | | | | | | |
| **If gross income exceeds | his, the limit ma | y be ded | | | expense | es. |
| Rate bands | | | 2024/2 | | | 23/24 |
| Basic Rate Band (BRB) | | | £37,70 | | | 37,700 |
| Higher Rate Band (HRI | 3) | | 1 - 125,14 | | 701 – 1 | |
| Additional rate | | 0 | over 125,14 | 0 | over I | 25,140 |
| Personal Savings Allov Basic rate taxpayer | valice (PSA) | | 1.00 | 0 | | 1.000 |
| Higher rate taxpayer | | | 50 | | | 500 |
| Dividend Allowance (D | | | 50 | | | 1.000 |
| BRB and additional rate thr | | ased by | | | ibutions | |
| permitted limit) and Gift Aid | | , | | | | |
| Tax rates | | | | | | |
| Rates differ for General/Savi | ings/Dividend inc | ome 20 | 24/25 | | | 23/24 |
| | G | S | D | G | S | D |
| Basic rate % | 20 | 20 | 8.75 | 20 | 20 | 8.75 |
| Higher rate % | 40 | 40 | 33.75 | 40 | 40 | 33.75 |
| Additional rate % | 45 | 45 | 39.35 | 45 | 45 | 39.35 |
| General income (salary, per basic rate and higher rate b | ISIONS, DUSINESS | inge inc | rent) usually | uses pers | onal allo Scottish | wance, |
| taxpayers are taxed at diffe | | | | | 000111011 | |
| To the extent that savings i | | | | | band, it | is taxed |
| at nil rather than 20%. | | | | | | |
| The PSA taxes interest at n Dividends are normally taxe | | | | | | |
| (2023/24: £1,000) of dividen | | | | | | annly |
| Income tax - Scotlar | | duici uit | 2024/2 | | | 023/24 |
| Starter rate | 19% (19%) | | £2.30 | | | £2,162 |
| Basic rate | 20% (20%) | 23 | 07 - 13.99 | | .163 - | |
| Intermediate rate | 21% (21%) | | 92 - 31.09 | | 119 - | |
| Higher rate | 42% (42%) | | 93 - 62,43 | | | |
| Advanced rate | 45% (N/A) | | 1 - 125,14 | | | N/A |
| Top rate | 48% (47%) | | over 125,14 | | 1 | 25,140 |
| Savings and dividend incom | e are taxed at no | rmal UK | rates. | | | |
| High Income Child B | | | | | | |
| 1% of child benefit for | each £200 (2 | 023/24 | : £100) of | adjusted | net inc | come |

1% of child benefit for each £200 (2023/24: £100) of adjusted net income between £60,000 and £80,000 (2023/24: £50,000 and £60,000).

| Income Tax (continued) Remittance basis charge For non-UK domiciled individuals who have been UK resident in at least: | 2024/25 | 2023/24 |
|---|---------------------|-----------------|
| 7 of the preceding 9 tax years | £30,000 | £30,000 |
| 12 of the preceding 14 tax years | 60,000 | 60,000 |
| 15 of the preceding 20 tax years | Deemed to I | be UK domiciled |
| Pensions | | |
| Registered Pensions | 2024/25 | 2023/24 |
| Annual Allowance (AA)* | £60,000 | £60,000 |
| Annual relievable pension inputs are the higher of ea | | |
| Usually tapered down, to a minimum of £10,000, wh The maximum tax-free pension lump sum is £268,27 | | |
| | 2024/25 | 2023/24 |
| State pension (per week) Old state pension | £169.50 | £156.20 |
| New state pension | 221.20 | 203.85 |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 221.20 | 203.03 |
| Annual investment limits | | |
| | 2024/25 | 2023/24 |
| Individual Savings Account (ISA) | | |
| – Overall limit | £20,000 | £20,000 |
| – Lifetime ISA | 4,000 | 4,000 |
| Junior ISA | 9,000 | 9,000 |
| EIS – 30% relief | 2,000,000 | 2,000,000 |
| Seed EIS (SEIS) - 50% relief | 200,000 | 200,000 |
| Venture Capital Trust (VCT) – 30% relief | 200,000 | 200,000 |
| National Insurance Contribution | IS | |
| Class 1 (Employees) | Employee | Employer |
| Main NIC rate | 8% | 13.8% |
| No NIC on first | £242pw | £175pw |
| Main rate charged up to* | £967pw | no limit |
| 2% rate on earnings above | £967pw | N/A |
| Employment allowance per business** | N/A | £5,000 |
| +Nil rate of employer NIC on earnings up to £067 pe | r wook for omployoo | a agod updor 21 |

+Nil rate of employer NIC on earnings up to £967 per week for employees aged under 21, apprentices aged under 25 and ex-armed forces personnel in their first twelve months of civilian employment.

**Some businesses do not qualify, including certain sole director companies and employers who have an employer's Class 1 NIC liability of £100,000 or more for 2023/24. Employer contributions (at 13.8%) are also due on most taxable benefits (Class 1A) and on tax paid on an employee's behalf under a PAYE settlement agreement (Class 1B).

Class 2 (Self-employed)

Flat rate per week if profits below £6,725 (voluntary) £3.45

National Insurance Contributions (continued)

Class 3 (Voluntary)

Flat rate per week

Class 4 (Self-employed)

On profits between £12,570 and £50,270

On profits over £50,270

Employees with earnings above £123 per week and the self-employed with annual profits over £6,725 (or who pay voluntary Class 2 contributions) can access entitlement to contributory benefits.

Vehicle Benefits

Cars: Taxable benefit: List price of car multiplied by chargeable percentage.

| | Electric | |
|-------|----------|-------------------|
| CO2 | Range | 2024/25 & 2023/24 |
| g/km | miles | % |
| 0 | N/A | 2 |
| 1-50 | >130 | 2 |
| 1-50 | 70 -129 | 5 |
| 1-50 | 40 - 69 | 8 |
| 1-50 | 30 - 39 | 12 |
| 1-50 | <30 | 14 |
| 51-54 | N/A | 15 |

Then a further 1% for each 5g/km CO_2 emissions, up to a maximum of 37%. Diesel cars that are not RDE2 standard suffer a 4% supplement on the above figures but are still capped at 37%.

Vans: Chargeable value of £3,960 (2023/24: £3,960) if private use is more than home-to-work. Zero-emission vans charged at £Nil (2023/24: £Nil).

Fuel

Employer provides fuel for private motoring in an employer-owned: Car: CO₂-based percentage from above table multiplied by £27,800 (2023/24: £27,800).

Van: £757 (2023/24: £757).

Employee contributions do not reduce taxable figure unless all private fuel is paid for by the employee (in which case there is no benefit charge).

Tax-free mileage allowances

| Employee's own transport | per business mile |
|--------------------------|-------------------|
| Cars first 10,000 miles | 45p |
| Cars over 10,000 miles | 25p |
| Business passengers | 5p |
| Motorcycles | 24p |
| Bicycles | 20p |

£17.45

6%

2%

| Capital Gains Tax | | | |
|---|--------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| Annual exempt amount | | 4/25 | 2023/24 |
| Individuals, estates | £3 | 3,000 | £6,000 |
| Most trusts | 1 | ,500 | 3,000 |
| | Up to | From | |
| Tax rate - Disposals 3 | 0.10.24 | 31.10.24 | |
| Individual up to Basic Rate Limit (BRL) | | | |
| Residential property and carried interest | 18% | 18% | 18% |
| - Other assets | 10% | 18% | |
| Individual above BRL, trusts and estates | 10/0 | 10/0 | 10% |
| - Residential property | 24% | 24% | 28% |
| | 24% | 24% | |
| - Carried interest | | | |
| - Other assets | 20% | 24% | |
| Business Asset Disposal Relief (BADR)* | 10% | 10% | 10% |
| Corporation Tax | | | |
| Year to | 31.3.2 | 2025 | 31.3.2024 |
| Main rate (profits above £250,000) | | 25% | 25% |
| Small profits rate (profits up to £50,000) | | 19% | 19% |
| Marginal relief band (MRB) | 50k – £ | | £50k – £250k |
| | 200 (26 | | 3/200 (26.5%) |
| Research and development relief | 200 (20 | 5.5%) | 3/200 (20.5%) |
| Accounting periods beginning on or af | tor | | 1.4.2024 |
| | lei | | |
| R&D Expenditure Credit (RDEC) scheme- | | | 20% |
| R&D-intensive SMEs enhanced expenditure | | | 86% |
| *Taxable expenditure credit for qualifying R&D. **Ade | | | |
| R&D-intensive companies are those that have R&D e | | | |
| of total tax-deductible P&L expenses plus capitalise | | | |
| intensive companies can claim a payable credit rate | | from HMR | C in exchange for |
| their losses (capped at £20,000 plus 3 x [PAYE & NIC | D. | | |
| Main capital allowances | | | |
| Plant and machinery allowances | Ye | ar to | Year to |
| Companies only | 31. | 3.25 | 31.3.24 |
| First-year allowance (main pool) | 1 | 00% | 100% |
| - First-year allowance (special rate pool) | | 50% | 50% |
| Annual Investment Allowance (AIA) | | | |
| Expenditure of up to £1m | 1 | 00% | 100% |
| Writing down allowance: main pool | | 18% | 18% |
| Writing down allowance: special rate pool | | 6% | 6% |
| Motor cars purchased from 1.4.21 | CO ₂ (q | | Allowance |
| New cars only | 002 (g | Nil | 100% |
| In general pool | uni | to 50 | 18% |
| | | lo 50 /e 50 | 6% |
| In special rate pool | ano/ | /e 30 | 6% |
| Structures and buildings allowance | | | 20/ |
| Fixed deduction per annum | | | 3% |

Property Taxes

ATED applies to 'high value' residential properties owned via a corporate structure, unless the property is used for a qualifying purpose.

| Annual charge to | | |
|------------------|---|--|
| 31.3.2025 | 31.3.2024 | |
| £4,400 | £4,150 | |
| 9,000 | 8,450 | |
| 30,550 | 28,650 | |
| 71,500 | 67,050 | |
| 143,550 | 134,550 | |
| 287,500 | 269,450 | |
| | 31.3.2025 £4,400 9,000 30,550 71,500 143,550 | |

Stamp Duty Land Tax (SDLT), Land and Buildings Transaction Tax (LBTT) and Land Transaction Tax (LTT)

Residential property (1st property only)

| SDLT - Englan | d & NI | LBTT - Sco | tland | LTT - Wales | |
|---------------|--------|------------|-------|-------------|-------|
| £000 | Rate | £000 | Rate | £000 | Rate |
| Up to 250 | Nil | Up to 145 | Nil | Up to 225 | Nil |
| 250 - 925 | 5% | 145 - 250 | 2% | 225 - 400 | 6.0% |
| 925 - 1,500 | 10% | 250 - 325 | 5% | 400 - 750 | 7.5% |
| Over 1,500 | 12% | 325 - 750 | 10% | 750 - 1,500 | 10.0% |
| | | Over 750 | 12% | Over 1,500 | 12.0% |

A supplement applies for all three taxes where an additional residential property interest is purchased for more than £40,000 (unless replacing a main residence). It is also apayable by all corporate purchasers. For SDLT, the rate is 5% (3% pre-31.10.24). For LBTT it is 6%. LTT has specific higher rates in bandings: up to 180k: 4%, 180 - 250kr 7.5%, 250 - 400k: 9%, 400 - 750kr 11.5%, 750-1,500kr 14%, >1,500kr 16%. For SDLT:

 First-time buyers purchasing a property of up to £625,000 pay a nil rate on the first £425,000 of the purchase price.

- A 2% supplement applies where the property is bought by certain non-UK residents.

– A rate of 17% (pre- 31.10.24: 15%) may apply to the total purchase price, where the property is valued above £500,000 and purchased by a 'non-natural person'.

For LBTT, first-time buyer relief increases the nil rate band to £175,000.

Non-residential or mixed use property

| SDLT - England & NI | | LBTT - Sco | tland | LTT - Wales | | |
|---------------------|------|------------|-------|-------------|------|--|
| £000 | Rate | £000 | Rate | £000 | Rate | |
| Up to 150 | Nil | Up to 150 | Nil | Up to 225 | Nil | |
| 150 - 250 | 2% | 150 - 250 | 1% | 225 - 250 | 1% | |
| Over 250 | 5% | Over 250 | 5% | 250 - 1,000 | 5% | |
| | | | | Over 1.000 | 6% | |

Value Added Tax

Standard rate (1/6 of VAT-inclusive price)

Registration level - Taxable turnover Deregistration level - Taxable turnover

From 1.4.2024 P £90,000 p.a. £ 88,000 p.a.

20% Pre 1.4.2024 £85,000 p.a. 83,000 p.a.

Inheritance Tax

| | 2024/25 | 2023/24 |
|---|----------|----------|
| Nil rate band (NRB)* | £325,000 | £325,000 |
| NRB Residential enhancement (RNRB)** | 175,000 | 175,000 |
| Tax rate on death** | 40% | 40% |
| Tax rate on lifetime transfers to most trusts | 20% | 20% |

*Up to 100% of the proportion of a deceased spouse's/civil partner's unused NRB and RNRB band may increment the current NRB and RNRB when the survivor dies.

TRNRB applies to death transfers of a main residence to (broadly) direct descendants. It tapers away at the rate of £1 for every £2 of estate value above £2m.

**Rate reduced to 36% if at least 10% of the relevant estate is left to charity.

Unlimited exemption for transfers between spouses/civil partners, except if UK domiciled transferor and foreign domiciled transferee, where maximum exemption is £325.000.

100% Business Property Relief (BPR) for shareholdings in qualifying unquoted trading companies and certain other business assets.

| Reduced tax charge on gifts within 7 years before death | | | | | |
|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Years before death | 0-3 | 3-4 | 4-5 | 5-6 | 6-7 |
| % of full death tax charge payable | 100 | 80 | 60 | 40 | 20 |

Annual exemptions for lifetime gifts include £3,000 per donor and £250 per recipient.

| Key dates and deadlines | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|------------|---------|------|--|--|--|--|
| Self assessment payment | 2024/25 | 2023/24 | | | | | |
| 1st payment on account | 31 January | 2025 | 2024 | | | | |
| 2nd payment on account | 31 July | 2025 | 2024 | | | | |
| Balancing payment | 31 January | 2026 | 2025 | | | | |
| Capital Gains Tax* | 31 January | 2026 | 2025 | | | | |
| Other payment dates | | | | | | | |
| Class 1A NIC | 19 July | 2025 | 2024 | | | | |
| Class 1B NIC | 19 October | 2025 | 2024 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

Corporation tax is due 9 months and 1 day from the end of the accounting period, unless a 'large' company paying by quarterly instalments.

2023/24 Filing deadlines

| Issue P60s to employees | 31 May | 2024 | | | |
|---|-------------|------|--|--|--|
| P11D, P11D(b) | 6 July | 2024 | | | |
| Self Assessment Tax Return (SATR) | - | | | | |
| paper version | 31 October | 2024 | | | |
| Online SATR if outstanding tax to be included | | | | | |
| in 2025/26 PAYE code (if under £3,000) | 30 December | 2024 | | | |
| Online SATR | 31 January | 2025 | | | |
| A CCT votum is due within 60 days of completion of cale of any LIK land and huildings | | | | | |

*A CGT return is due within 60 days of completion of sale of any UK land and buildings by a non-resident and of sale of UK residential property with a tax liability by a UK resident. Any CGT payable is also due within 60 days.

You are advised to consult us before acting on any information contained herein.

Chartered Accountants



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